



ISL9R3060G2, ISL9R3060P2

Features

- Stealth Recovery t_{rr} = 36 ns (@ I_F = 30 A)
- Max Forward Voltage, V_F = 2.4 V (@ T_C = 25°C)
- 600 V Reverse Voltage and High Reliability
- · Avalanche Energy Rated
- RoHS Compliant

Applications

- · Switch Mode Power Supplies
- · Hard Switched PFC Boost Diode
- · UPS Free Wheeling Diode
- · Motor Drive FWD
- SMPS FWD
- · Snubber Diode

30 A, 600 V, STEALTH™ Diode

The ISL9R3060G2, ISL9R3060P2 is a STEALTH diode optimized for low loss performance in high frequency hard switched applications. The STEALTH family exhibits low reverse recovery current ($I_{\text{RM}(\text{REC})}$) and exceptionally soft recovery under typical operating conditions. This device is intended for use as a free wheeling or boost diode in power supplies and other power switching applications. The low $I_{\text{RM}(\text{REC})}$ and short ta phase reduce loss in switching transistors. The soft recovery minimizes ringing, expanding the range of conditions under which the diode may be operated without the use of additional snubber circuitry. Consider using the STEALTH diode with an SMPS IGBT to provide the most efficient and highest power density design at lower cost.

JEDEC STYLE 2 LEAD TO-247 ANODE CATHODE (FLANGE) CATHODE (SOTTOM SIDE METAL) CATHODE CATHODE ANODE CATHODE ANODE ANODE

Device Maximum Ratings T_C = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V _{RRM}	Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	600	V
V _{RWM}	Working Peak Reverse Voltage	600	V
V _R	DC Blocking Voltage	600	V
I _{F(AV)}	Average Rectified Forward Current	30	Α
I _{FRM}	Repetitive Peak Surge Current (20kHz Square Wave)	70	Α
I _{FSM}	Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (Halfwave 1 Phase 60Hz)	325	Α
P _D	Power Dissipation	200	W
E _{AVL}	Avalanche Energy (1A, 40mH)	20	mJ
T _J , T _{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	°C
TL	Maximum Temperature for Soldering		
T_{PKG}	Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10s	300	°C
	Package Body for 10s, See Techbrief TB334	260	°C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Device Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

	Device Marking Device		Package	Package Tape Width			Quan	tity
R3060G2 ISL9R3060G2		TO-247	-			-		
R3060P2 ISL9R3060P2			TO-220AC	-			-	
Electric	cal Char	racteristics T _C = 25	s°C unless otherwise	noted				
Symbol			Test	Test Conditions		Тур	Max	Unit
Off State	Characte	ristics	•					
I _R	Instantaneous Reverse Current		V _R = 600 V	T _C = 25°C		_	100	μА
·ĸ			I'R 333 I	$T_C = 125$ °C		-	1.0	mA
n State	Characte	ristics		, 0				L
V _F	Instantaneous Forward Voltage	I _F = 30 A	T _C = 25°C		2.1	2.4	V	
. L			IF = 00 / t	T _C = 125°C		1.7	2.1	V
C _J Switching	Junction C		V _R = 10 V, I _F =	0 A	-	120	-	pF
Switching	g Characte	eristics						
t _{rr}	Reverse R	ecovery Time		100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V	-	27	35	ns
		ecovery Time	$I_F = 30 \text{ A, d}_I/\text{dt} =$	100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V = 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V	-	36	45	ns
t _{rr}	Reverse R	ecovery Time	$I_F = 30 \text{ A}, d_I/dt = I_F = 30 \text{ A},$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V	- - -	36 36	45 -	ns
t _{rr}	Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current	$I_F = 30 \text{ A}, d_I/dt =$ $I_F = 30 \text{ A},$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A}/\mu$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V	- - -	36 36 2.9	45	ns ns A
t _{rr} I _{rr} Q _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge	$I_F = 30 \text{ A, } d_I/dt = 1$ $I_F = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_R = 390 \text{ V, } T_C$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V	- - - -	36 36 2.9 55	45 - - -	ns ns A nC
t _{rr} I _{rr} Q _{rr} T _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = 0$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = 0$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C	- - - -	36 36 2.9 55 110	45 - - -	ns ns A
t _{rr} I _{rr} Q _{rr} T _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Softness F	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a)	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = 0$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, }$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, }$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C	- - - - - -	36 36 2.9 55 110 1.9	45 - - - - -	ns ns A nC ns
t _{rr} I _{rr} Q _{rr} T _{rr} S	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a) ecovery Current	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = 0$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = 0$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C	- - - - -	36 36 2.9 55 110 1.9 6	45 - - - - - -	ns ns A nC ns
t _{rr} I _{rr} Q _{rr} T _{rr} S I _{rr} Q _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a) ecovery Current ecovery Current	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V,}$ $T_{C} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C		36 36 2.9 55 110 1.9 6 450	45 - - - - -	ns ns A nC ns
t _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a) ecovery Current ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V,}$ $T_{C} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C		36 36 2.9 55 110 1.9 6 450	45 - - - - - -	ns ns A nC ns
t _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R Reverse R Softness F	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a) ecovery Current ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a)	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V,}$ $T_{C} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 1000 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V,}$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C		36 36 2.9 55 110 1.9 6 450 60 1.25	45 - - - - - -	ns ns ns A nC ns A nC ns
t _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a) ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a) ecovery Current	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V,}$ $T_{C} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 1000 \text{ A/}\mu$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C	- - - - - - - - - -	36 36 2.9 55 110 1.9 6 450 60 1.25 21	45 - - - - - -	ns ns A nC ns
t _{rr}	Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R Reverse R Softness F Reverse R Reverse R	ecovery Time ecovery Time ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a) ecovery Current ecovery Current ecovery Charge ecovery Time actor (t _b /t _a)	$I_{F} = 30 \text{ A, } d_{I}/dt = I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V, } T_{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V,}$ $T_{C} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_{F} = 30 \text{ A,}$ $d_{IF}/dt = 1000 \text{ A/}\mu$ $V_{R} = 390 \text{ V,}$	= 100 A/μs, V _R = 30 V is, = 25°C	- - - - - - - - - - - -	36 36 2.9 55 110 1.9 6 450 60 1.25	45 - - - - - - - -	ns ns A nC ns A nC ns A

 $R_{\theta JA}$

 $\mathsf{R}_{\theta\mathsf{JA}}$

Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-247

Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-220

°C/W

°C/W

30

62

60 175°C 25°C 100°C 25°C 100°C 100°C

Typical Performance Curves

Figure 1. Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

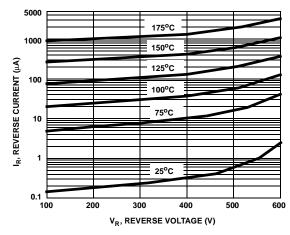


Figure 2. Reverse Current vs Reverse Voltage

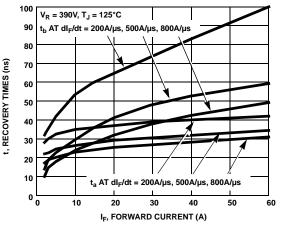


Figure 3. t_a and t_b Curves vs Forward Current

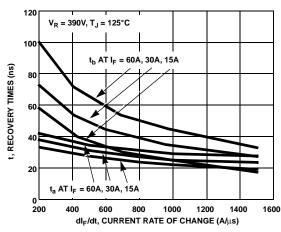


Figure 4. t_a and t_b Curves vs dI_F/dt

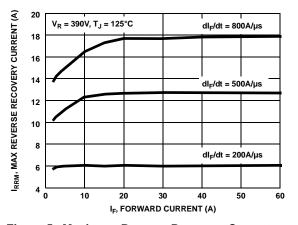


Figure 5. Maximum Reverse Recovery Current vs
Forward Current

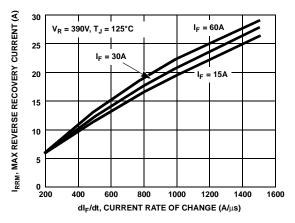
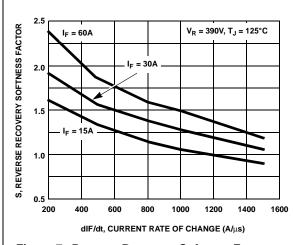


Figure 6. Maximum Reverse Recovery Current vs dl_F/dt



Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

1200 V_R = 390V, T_J = 125°C I_F = 60A

V_R = 390V, T_J = 125°C
I_F = 60A

V_R = 390V, T_J = 125°C
I_F = 60A

V_R = 390V, T_J = 125°C
I_F = 60A

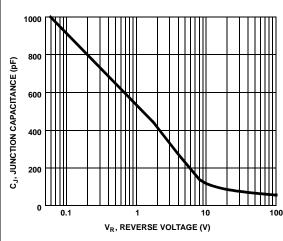
V_R = 390V, T_J = 125°C
I_F = 60A

V_R = 390V, T_J = 125°C
I_F = 60A

V_R = 30A

Figure 7. Reverse Recovery Softness Factor vs $\mathrm{dI_F/dt}$

Figure 8. Reverse Recovery Charge vs dI_F/dt



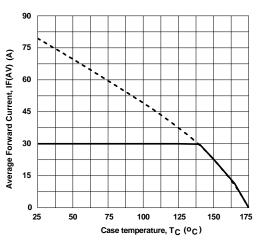


Figure 9. Junction Capacitance vs Reverse Voltage

Figure 10. Forward Current Derating Curve

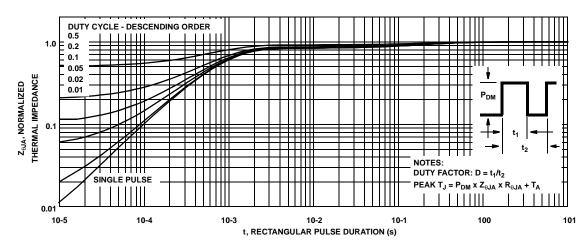
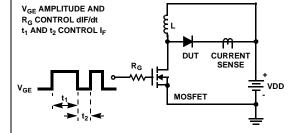


Figure 11. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

Test Circuit and Waveforms



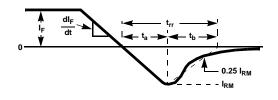
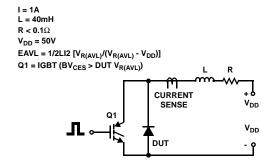


Figure 11. t_{rr} Test Circuit

Figure 12. t_{rr} Waveforms and Definitions



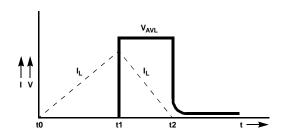


Figure 13. Avalanche Energy Test Circuit

Figure 14. Avalanche Current and Voltage Waveforms





TRADEMARKS

The following includes registered and unregistered trademarks and service marks, owned by Fairchild Semiconductor and/or its global subsidiaries, and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

 2Cool™
 FPS™

 AccuPower™
 F-PFS™

 AX-CAP®*
 FRFET®

 BitSiC™
 Global Power Resource®

 Build it Now™
 GreenBridge™

 CorePLUSTM
 Green FPSTM

 CorePOWERTM
 Green FPSTM e-SeriesTM

 CROSSVOLTTM
 GmaxTM

CTL™ GTO™

Current Transfer Logic™ IntelliMAX™

DEUXPEED® ISOPLANAR™

Dual Cool™ Making Small Speakers Sound Louder

EcoSPARK[®] and Better™

EfficientMax™ MegaBuck™

ESBC™ MICROCOUPLER™

MicroFET™

Fairchild®

Fairchild Semiconductor®

FACT Quiet Series™

FAST®

FastvCore™

FETBench™

MicroPak²™

MicroPak²™

MillerDrive™

MotionMax™

mWSaver™

OptoHITM

OPTOLOGIC®

OPTOPLANAR®

PowerTrench® PowerXS™

Programmable Active $\mathsf{Droop}^{\mathsf{TM}}$ $\mathsf{QFET}^{\mathbb{B}}$

QS™ Quiet Series™ RapidConfigure™

Saving our world, 1mW/W/kW at a time™ SignalWise™

SmartMax™ SMART START™

Solutions for Your Success™

SPM®
STEALTH™
SuperFET®
SuperSOT™-3
SuperSOT™-6
SuperSOT™-8
SupreMOS®
SyncFET™

Sync-Lock™

SYSTEM

GENERAL®*

TinyBoost™
TinyBuck™
TinyCalc™
TinyLogic®
TINYOPTO™
TinyPower™
TinyPWM™
TinyPWM™
TinyWire™
TranSiC™
TriFault Detect™

TriFault Detect™ TRUECURRENT®∗ μSerDes™

µSerDes™
SerDes
UHC®
Ultra FRFET™
UniFET™
VCX™
VisualMax™
VoltagePlus™
XS™

* Trademarks of System General Corporation, used under license by Fairchild Semiconductor.

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION, OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS, SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THEREIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
- A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.fairchildsemi.com, under Sales Support.

Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufacturers of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed applications, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address any warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Definition of Terms					
Da	atasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition		
	Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.		
	Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.		
N	o Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.		
	Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.		

Rev. 164