

# International Rectifier

- RoHS Compliant Containing No Lead and Bromide ①
- Low Profile (<0.7 mm)
- Dual Sided Cooling Compatible ①
- Ultra Low Package Inductance
- Optimized for High Frequency Switching ①
- Ideal for CPU Core DC-DC Converters
- Optimized for both Sync.FET and some Control FET application①
- Low Conduction and Switching Losses
- Compatible with existing Surface Mount Techniques ①
- 100% R<sub>g</sub> tested

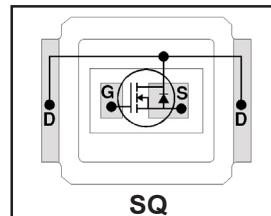
# IRF6712SPbF

# IRF6712STRPbF

DirectFET™ Power MOSFET ②

Typical values (unless otherwise specified)

V <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>		
25V max	±20V max	3.8mΩ @ 10V	6.7mΩ @ 4.5V		
Q <sub>g tot</sub>	Q <sub>gd</sub>	Q <sub>gs2</sub>	Q <sub>rr</sub>	Q <sub>oss</sub>	V <sub>gs(th)</sub>
12nC	4.0nC	1.7nC	14nC	10nC	1.9V



DirectFET™ ISOMETRIC

Applicable DirectFET Outline and Substrate Outline (see p.7,8 for details)①

SQ	SX	ST		MQ	MX	MT	MP		
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## Description

The IRF6712SPbF combines the latest HEXFET® Power MOSFET Silicon technology with the advanced DirectFET™ packaging to achieve the lowest on-state resistance in a package that has the footprint of a MICRO-8 and only 0.7 mm profile. The DirectFET package is compatible with existing layout geometries used in power applications, PCB assembly equipment and vapor phase, infra-red or convection soldering techniques, when application note AN-1035 is followed regarding the manufacturing methods and processes. The DirectFET package allows dual sided cooling to maximize thermal transfer in power systems, improving previous best thermal resistance by 80%.

The IRF6712SPbF balances both low resistance and low charge along with ultra low package inductance to reduce both conduction and switching losses. The reduced total losses make this product ideal for high efficiency DC-DC converters that power the latest generation of processors operating at higher frequencies. The IRF6712SPbF has been optimized for parameters that are critical in synchronous buck operating from 12 volt bus converters including R<sub>ds(on)</sub> and gate charge to minimize losses.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Voltage	25	V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V ③	17	
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V ③	13	A
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V ④	68	
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current ⑤	130	
E <sub>AS</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ⑥	13	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current ⑤	13	A

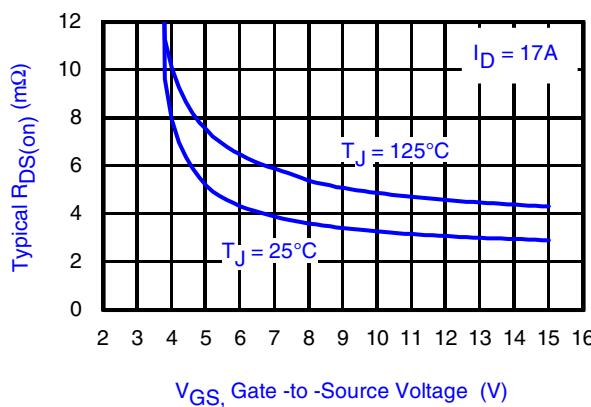


Fig 1. Typical On-Resistance Vs. Gate Voltage

Notes:

- ① Click on this section to link to the appropriate technical paper.
- ② Click on this section to link to the DirectFET Website.
- ③ Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board, steady state.

[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)

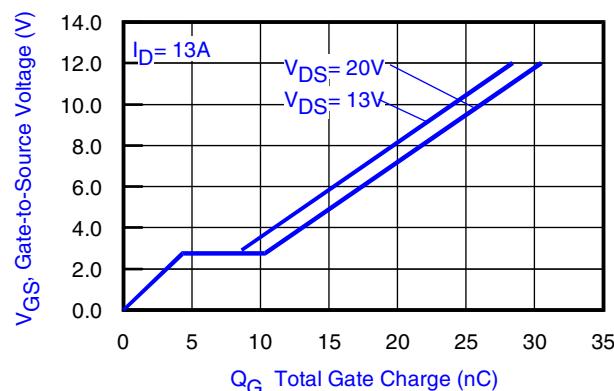


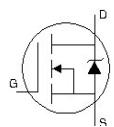
Fig 2. Typical Total Gate Charge vs Gate-to-Source Voltage

- ④ T<sub>C</sub> measured with thermocouple mounted to top (Drain) of part.
- ⑤ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ⑥ Starting T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, L = 0.14mH, R<sub>G</sub> = 25Ω, I<sub>AS</sub> = 13A.

**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	25	—	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	18	—	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, \text{I}_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	3.8	4.9	$\text{m}\Omega$	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 17\text{A}$ ⑦
		—	6.7	8.7		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 4.5\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 13\text{A}$ ⑦
$\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.4	1.9	2.4	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_D = 50\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta \text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-6.1	—	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$	
$\text{I}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	150		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$\text{I}_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	$\text{nA}$	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
$\text{g}_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	40	—	—	S	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 13\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 13\text{A}$
$\text{Q}_{\text{g}}$	Total Gate Charge	—	12	18	$\text{nC}$	
$\text{Q}_{\text{gs}1}$	Pre-V <sub>th</sub> Gate-to-Source Charge	—	2.9	—		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 13\text{V}$
$\text{Q}_{\text{gs}2}$	Post-V <sub>th</sub> Gate-to-Source Charge	—	1.7	—		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 4.5\text{V}$
$\text{Q}_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	4.0	—		$\text{I}_D = 13\text{A}$
$\text{Q}_{\text{godr}}$	Gate Charge Overdrive	—	3.5	—		See Fig. 15
$\text{Q}_{\text{sw}}$	Switch Charge ( $\text{Q}_{\text{gs}2} + \text{Q}_{\text{gd}}$ )	—	5.8	—	$\text{nC}$	
$\text{Q}_{\text{oss}}$	Output Charge	—	10	—		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 16\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
$\text{R}_{\text{G}}$	Gate Resistance	—	1.7	3.0		$\Omega$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	11	—	$\text{ns}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 13\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 4.5\text{V}$ ⑦
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	40	—		$\text{I}_D = 13\text{A}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	14	—		$\text{R}_{\text{G}} = 1.8\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	12	—		See Fig. 17
$\text{C}_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	—	1570	—	$\text{pF}$	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
$\text{C}_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	490	—		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 13\text{V}$
$\text{C}_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	210	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$

**Diode Characteristics**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$\text{I}_{\text{s}}$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	17	$\text{A}$	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$\text{I}_{\text{SM}}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ⑤	—	—	2.7		
$\text{V}_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	0.81	1.0	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, \text{I}_{\text{s}} = 13\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ⑦
$\text{t}_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	17	26	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, \text{I}_{\text{F}} = 13\text{A}$
$\text{Q}_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	14	21	nC	$d\text{I}/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ⑦

**Notes:**⑦ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	Power Dissipation ③	2.2	W
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C	Power Dissipation ③	1.4	
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Power Dissipation ④	36	
T <sub>P</sub>	Peak Soldering Temperature	270	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-40 to + 150	
T <sub>STG</sub>			

### Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient ③⑩	—	58	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient ⑧⑩	12.5	—	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient ⑨⑩	20	—	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Junction-to-Case ④⑩	—	3.5	
R <sub>θJ-PCB</sub>	Junction-to-PCB Mounted	1.0	—	
	Linear Derating Factor ③	0.017		W/°C

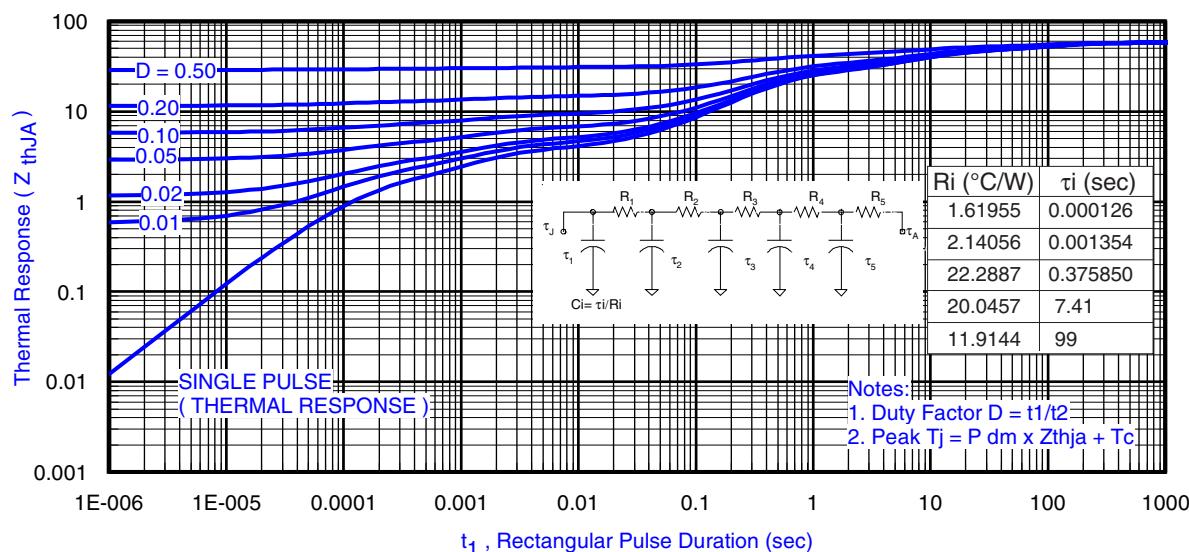


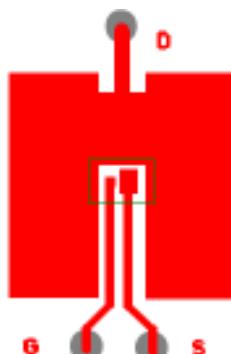
Fig 3. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient ③

#### Notes:

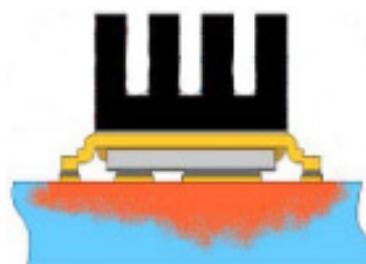
⑥ Used double sided cooling , mounting pad with large heatsink.

⑩ R<sub>θ</sub> is measured at T<sub>j</sub> of approximately 90°C.

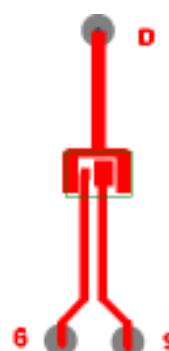
⑧ Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink.



③ Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu (still air).



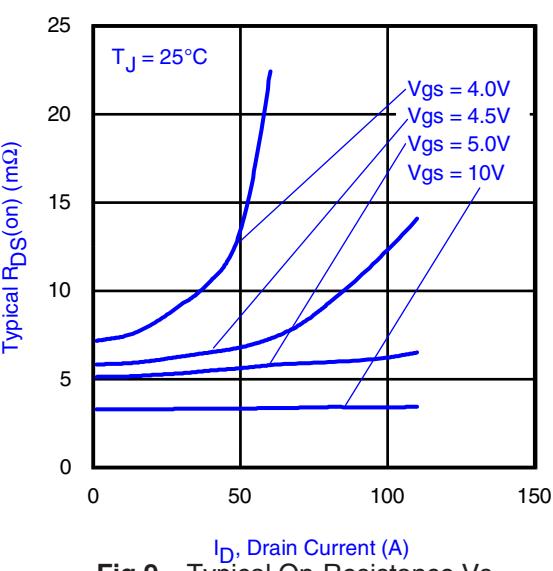
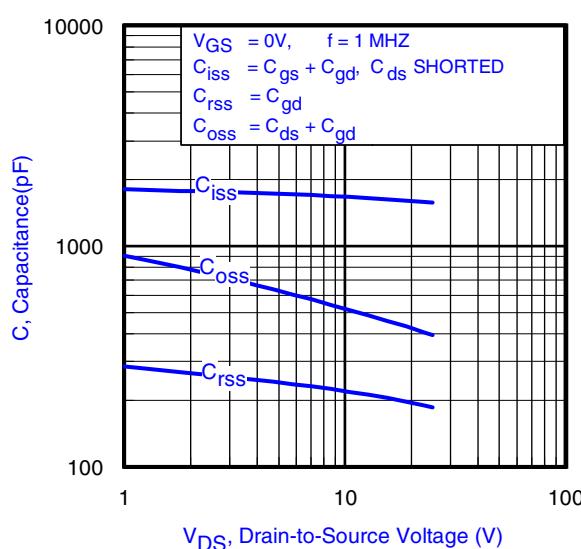
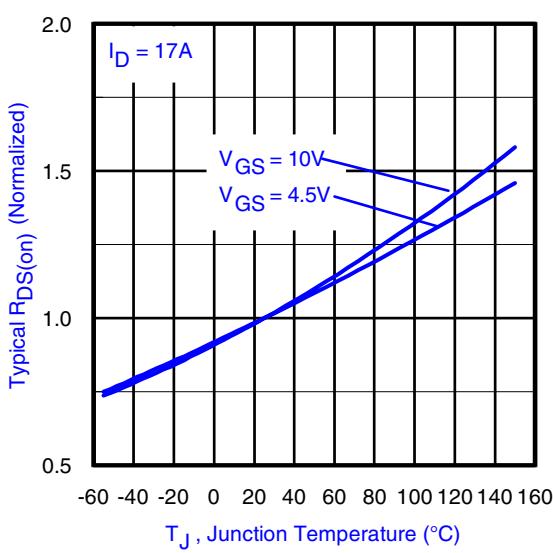
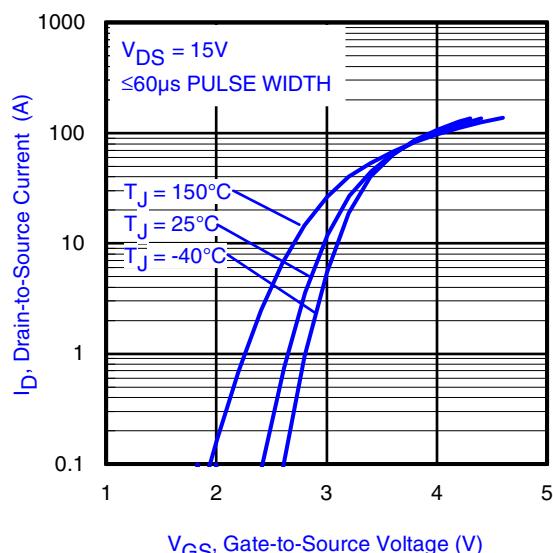
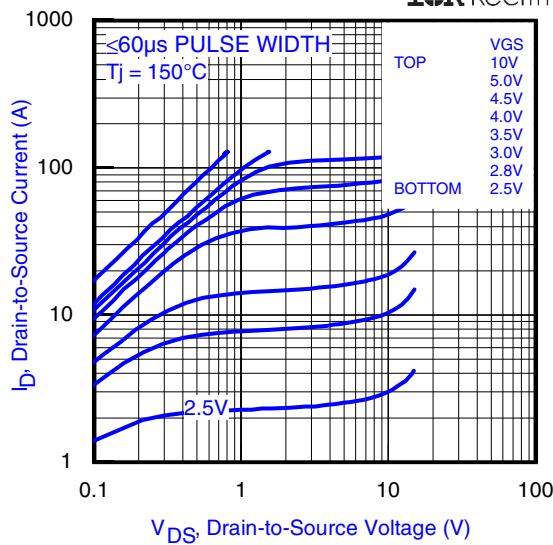
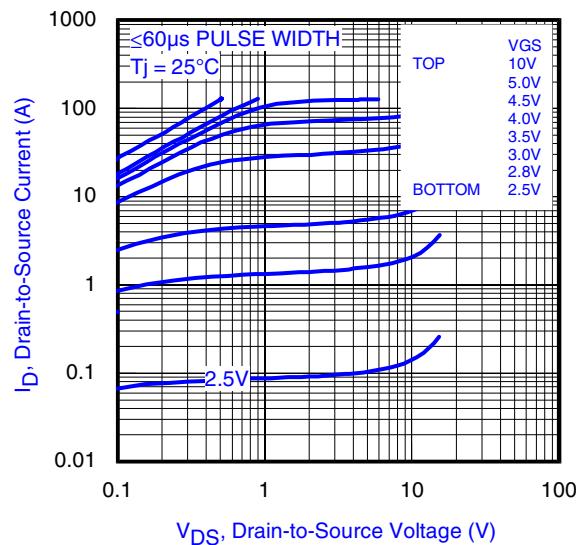
⑨ Mounted to a PCB with small clip heatsink (still air)

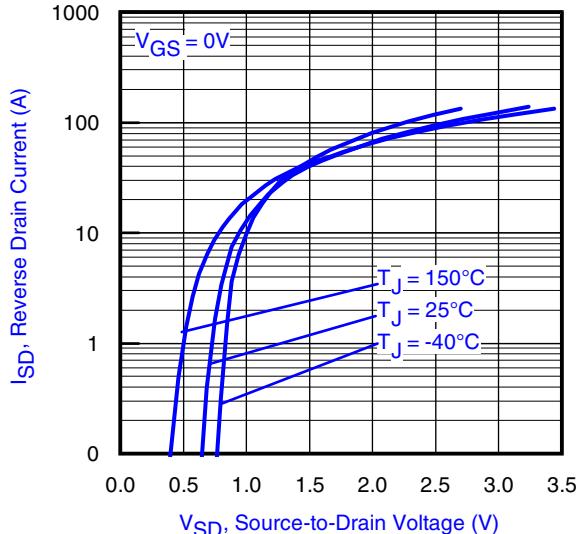


⑨ Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink (still air)

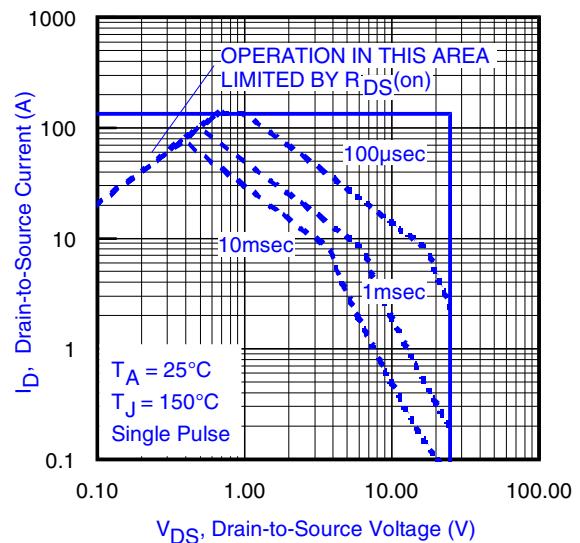
# IRF6712SPbF

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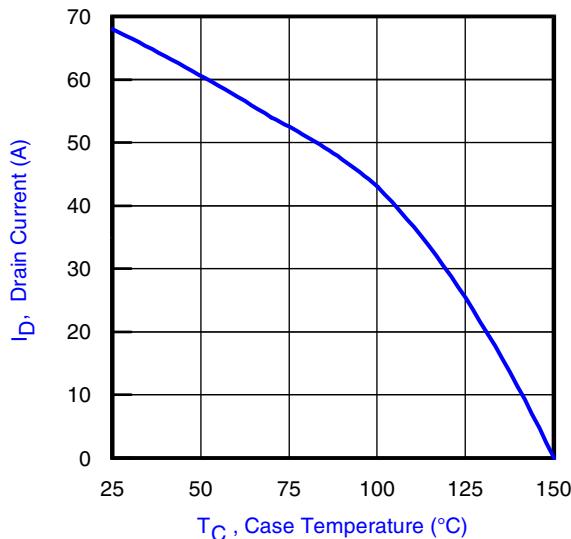




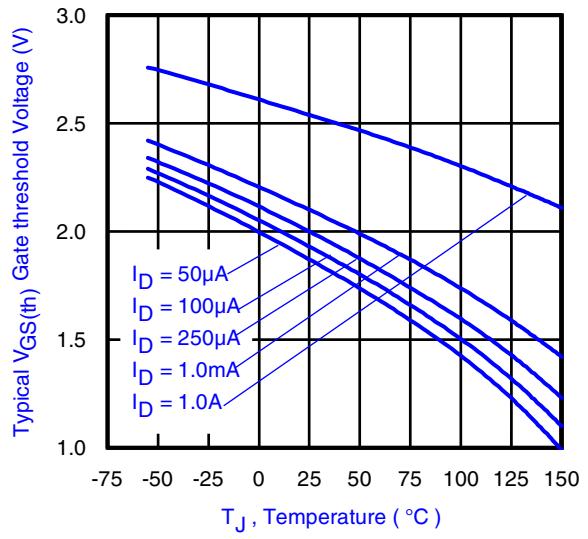
**Fig 10.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



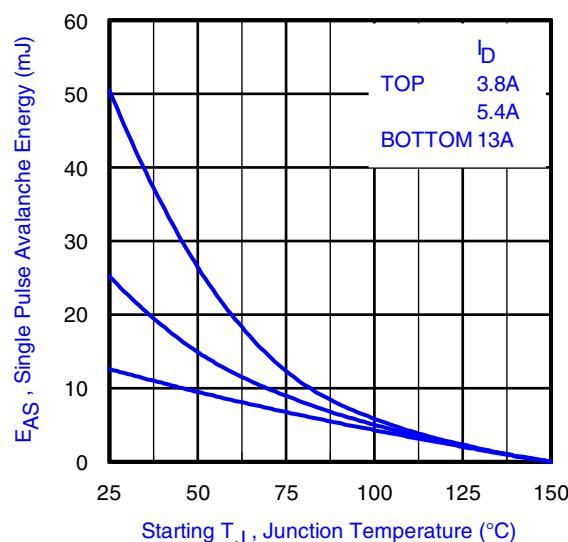
**Fig 11.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



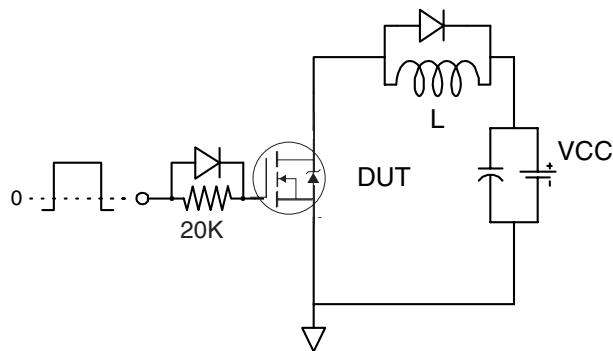
**Fig 12.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



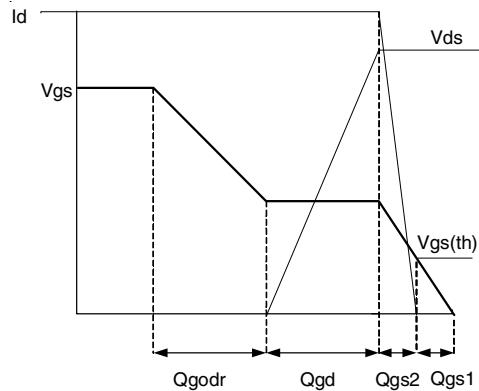
**Fig 13.** Typical Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



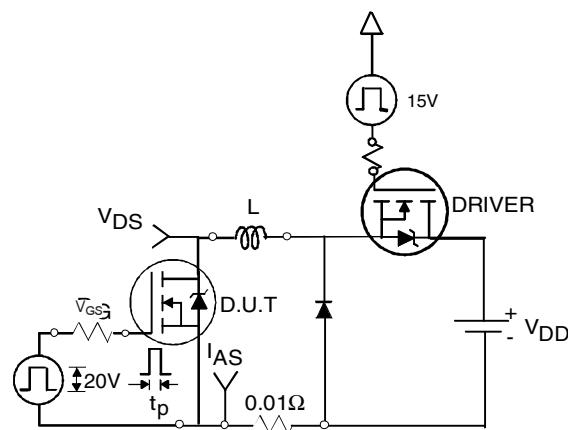
**Fig 14.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current



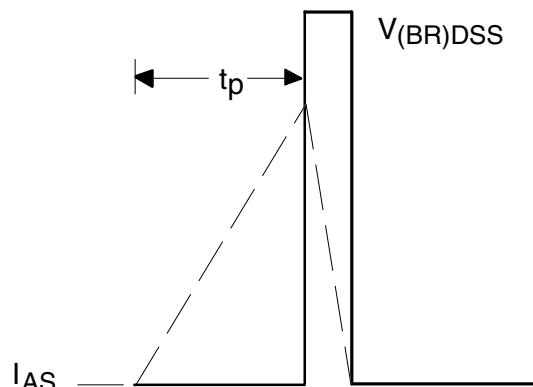
**Fig 15a.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



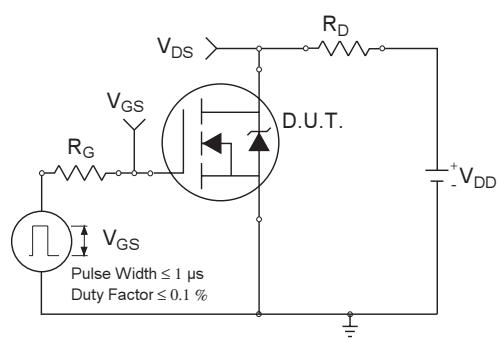
**Fig 15b.** Gate Charge Waveform



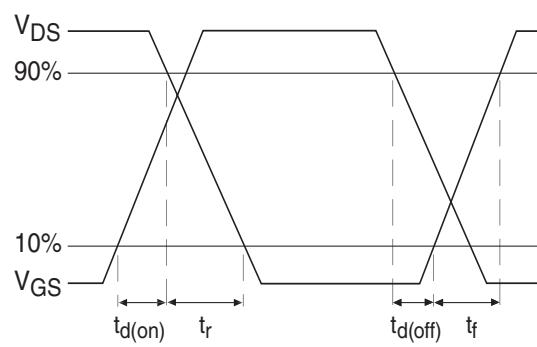
**Fig 16a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



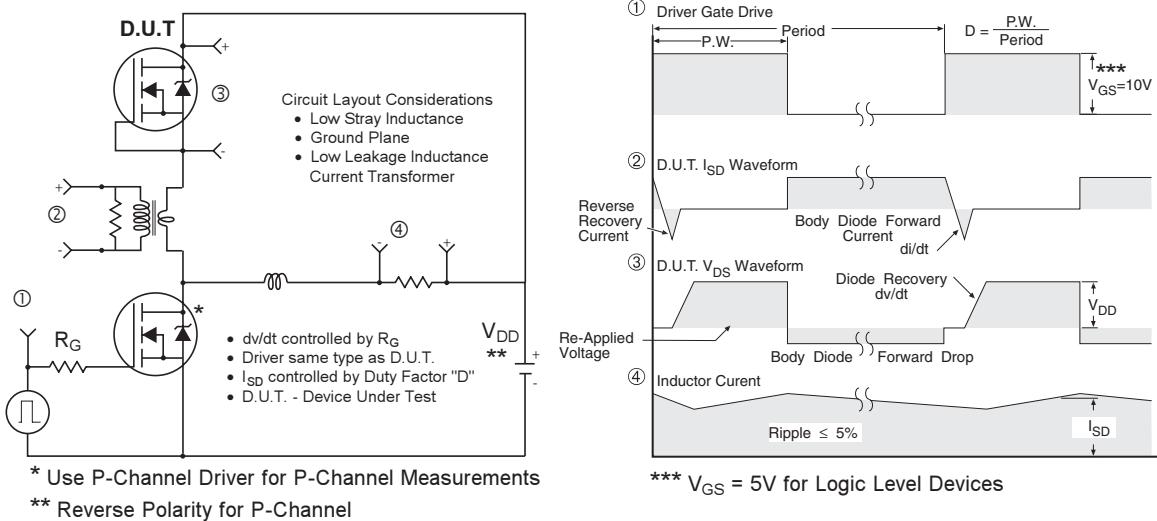
**Fig 16b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



**Fig 17a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 17b.** Switching Time Waveforms

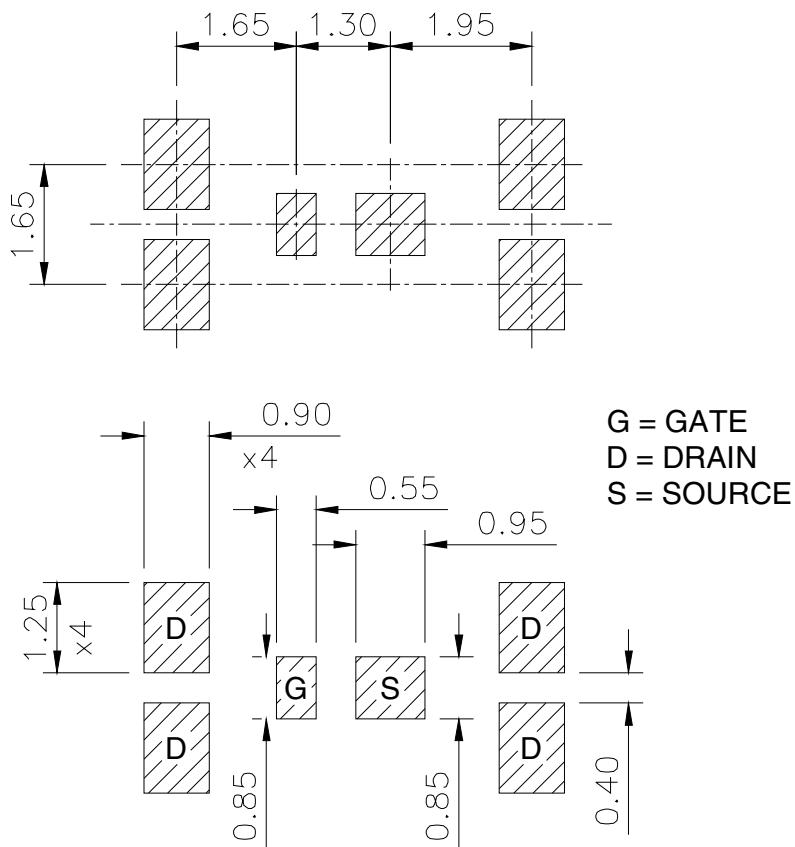


**Fig 18.** Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit for HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

## DirectFET™ Substrate and PCB Layout, SQ Outline (Small Size Can, Q-Designation).

Please see DirectFET application note AN-1035 for all details regarding the assembly of DirectFET.

This includes all recommendations for stencil and substrate designs.

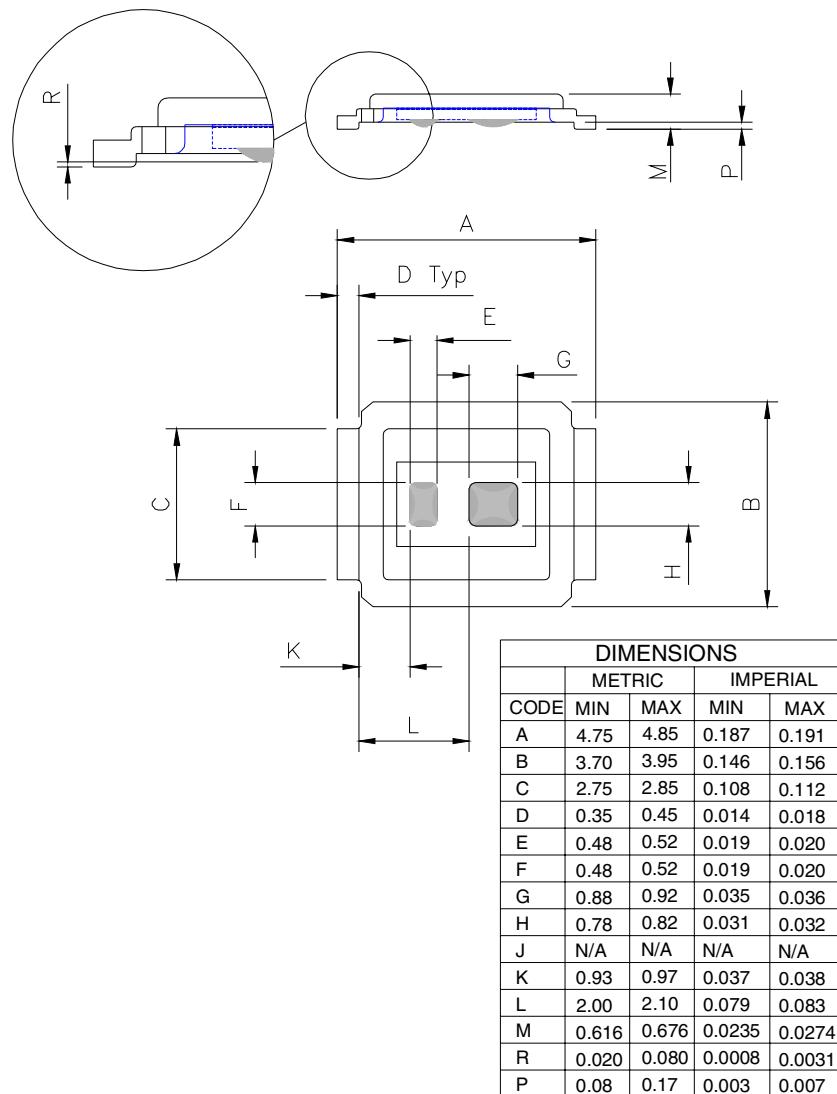


Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

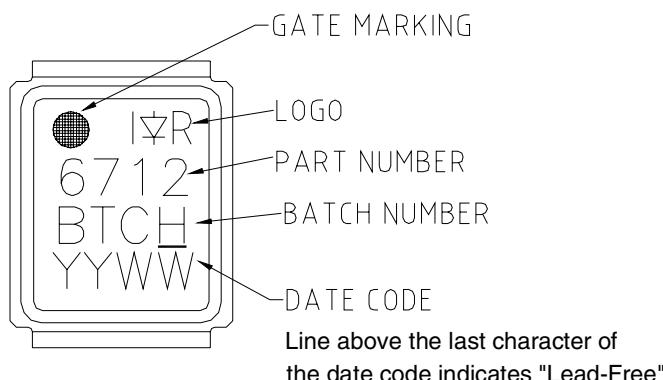
## DirectFET™ Outline Dimension, SQ Outline (Small Size Can, Q-Designation).

Please see DirectFET application note AN-1035 for all details regarding the assembly of DirectFET.

This includes all recommendations for stencil and substrate designs.

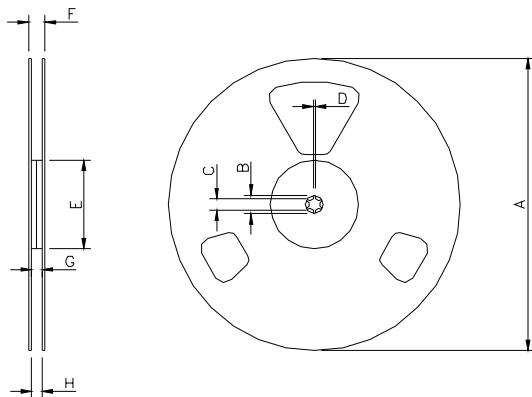


## DirectFET™ Part Marking



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

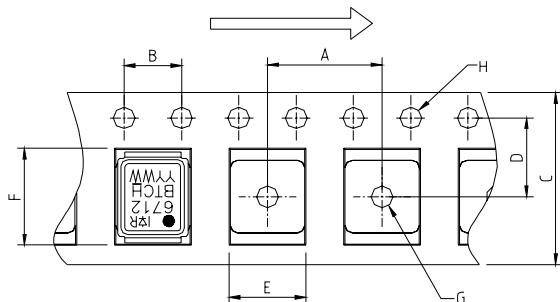
## DirectFET™ Tape & Reel Dimension (Showing component orientation).



NOTE: Controlling dimensions in mm  
Std reel quantity is 4800 parts. (ordered as IRF6712TRPBF). For 1000 parts on 7" reel, order IRF6712TR1PB

REEL DIMENSIONS								
STANDARD OPTION (QTY 4800)				TR1 OPTION (QTY 1000)				
	METRIC		IMPERIAL		METRIC		IMPERIAL	
CODE	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	330.0	N.C.	12.992	N.C.	177.77	N.C.	6.9	N.C.
B	20.2	N.C.	0.795	N.C.	19.06	N.C.	0.75	N.C.
C	12.8	13.2	0.504	0.520	13.5	12.8	0.53	0.50
D	1.5	N.C.	0.059	N.C.	1.5	N.C.	0.059	N.C.
E	100.0	N.C.	3.937	N.C.	58.72	N.C.	2.31	N.C.
F	N.C.	18.4	N.C.	0.724	N.C.	13.50	N.C.	0.53
G	12.4	14.4	0.488	0.567	11.9	12.01	0.47	N.C.
H	11.9	15.4	0.469	0.606	11.9	12.01	0.47	N.C.

Loaded Tape Feed Direction



NOTE: CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS IN MM

DIMENSIONS				
	METRIC		IMPERIAL	
CODE	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	7.90	8.10	0.311	0.319
B	3.90	4.10	0.154	0.161
C	11.90	12.30	0.469	0.484
D	5.45	5.55	0.215	0.219
E	4.00	4.20	0.158	0.165
F	5.00	5.20	0.197	0.205
G	1.50	N.C.	0.059	N.C.
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.063

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Consumer market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

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