

485-731

# GM76C28A

2,048 WORDS × 8 BIT  
CMOS STATIC RAM

## Description

The GM76C28A is 2,048 words × 8 bits asynchronous, static random access memory on a monolithic CMOS chip. Its very low standby power requirement makes it ideal for applications requiring non-volatile storage with back-up batteries. The asynchronous and static nature of the memory requires no external clock or refreshing circuit. Both the input and output ports are TTL compatible and the 3-state output allows easy expansion of memory capacity.

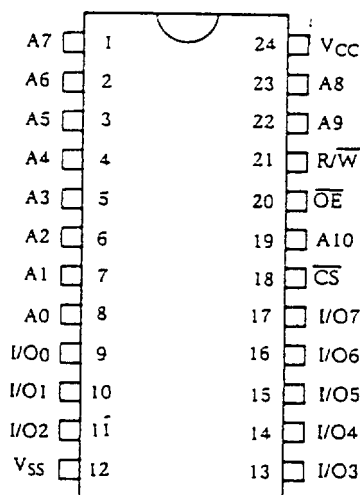
## Features

- Access time: 100/120ns
- Low Power Consumption  
Standby: 1μA  
Operation: 25/30mA
- Complete static operation
- Single power supply: 5V ± 10%
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- 3-state output with Wired-OR capability
- Non-volatile storage with back-up batteries
- Standard 24 DIP, 24 SOP and 24 S-DIP

## Pin Description

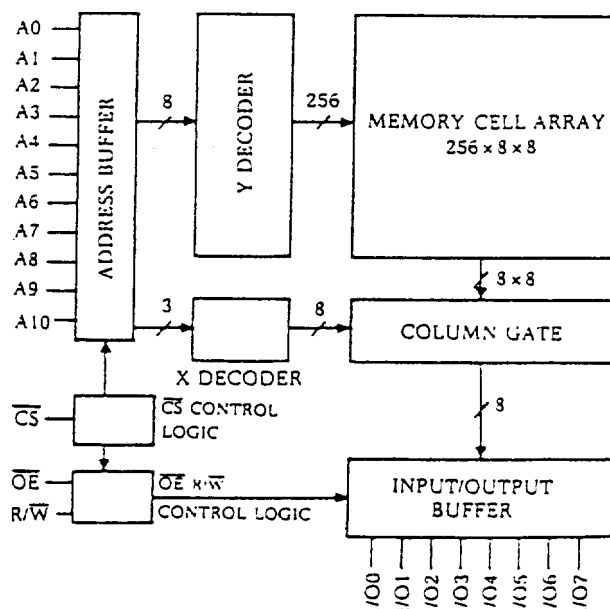
Pin	Function
A0 ~ A10	Address Inputs
R/W	Read/Write
OE	Output Enable
CS	Chip Select
I/O0 ~ 7	Data Input/Output
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply (+5V)
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground

## Pin Configuration



(Top View)

## Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
$T_A$	Ambient Temperature under Bias	0 ~ 70	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature	-65 ~ 150	°C
$V_{IN}/V_{OUT}$	Voltage on any Pin Relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.5 ~ 7.0	V
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	1.0	W

\*Note: Operation at or above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" can adversely affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions ( $T_A = 0 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage	2.2	—	6.0	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage	-0.5	—	0.8	V

\*All voltages are referenced to  $V_{SS}$  pin = 0V.

## Truth Table

$\overline{CS}$	$\overline{OE}$	$R/\overline{W}$	A0 to A10	DATA I/O	MODE	$I_{CC}$
H	X	X	X	Hi-Z	Unselected	$I_{CCS1}, I_{CCS2}$
L	L	H	Stable	Output Data	Read	$I_{CC}$
L	H	L	Stable	Input Data	Write	$I_{CC}$
L	L	L	Stable	Input Data	Write	$I_{CC}$

Note: X means "H", "L" or "Hi-Z"

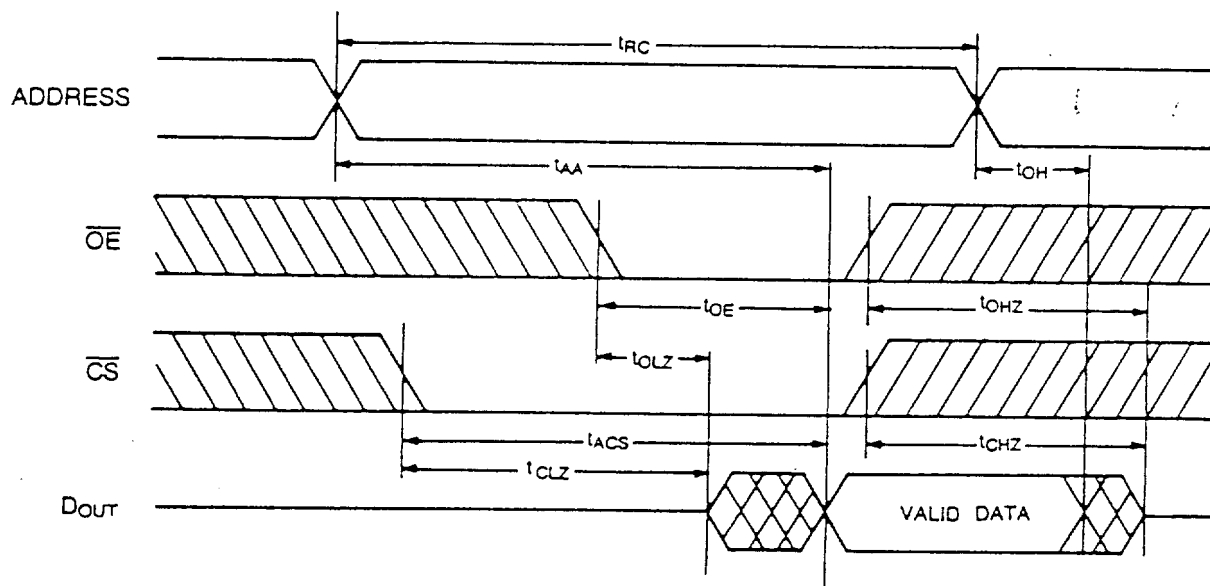
## Electrical Characteristics

DC Electrical Characteristics ( $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ ,  $T_A = 0 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

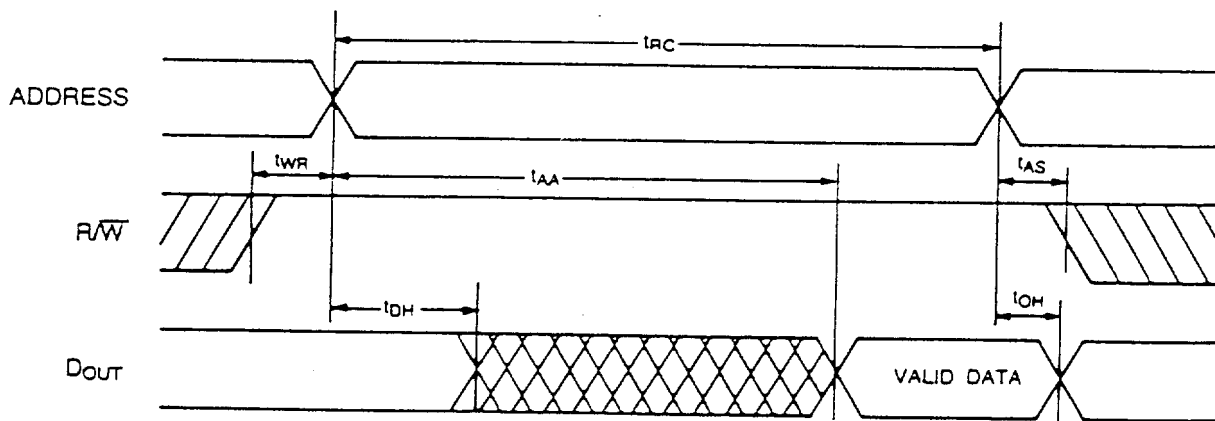
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	GM76C28A-10			GM76C28A-12			Unit
			Min	Typ*	Max	Min	Typ*	Max	
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage	$I_{OL} = 4.0\text{mA}$			0.4			0.4	V
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -1.0\text{mA}$	2.4			2.4			V
$I_{CC1}$	Operating Supply Current	$\overline{CS} = V_{IL}, I_{VO} = 0\text{mA}$		30	60		25	50	mA
$I_{CC2}$		$V_{IH} = 3.5V, V_{IL} = 0.6V, I_{VO} = 0\text{mA}$		16			16		mA
$I_{CC}$	Average Operating Current	Min cycle, duty = 100%, $I_{VO} = 0\text{mA}$		30	60		25	50	mA
$I_{CCS1}$	Standby Supply Current	$\overline{CS} = V_{IH}$		1.5	3.0		1.5	3.0	mA
$I_{CCS2}$		$\overline{CS} = V_{CC} - 0.2V$			1	50		1	50
$I_{I(L)}$	Input Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 5.5V, V_I = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$	-1		1	-1		1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{O(L)}$	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{CS} = V_{IH}, \text{ or } \overline{OE} = V_{IH},$ $V_{VO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$	-1		1	-1		1	$\mu\text{A}$

\*Typical values are for reference with  $V_{CC} = 5V$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  assumed.

READ CYCLE 1 ( $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CS}$  CONTROL,  $R/\overline{W}$  = HIGH)



READ CYCLE 2 ( $R/\overline{W}$  CONTROL,  $\overline{OE}$  = LOW,  $\overline{CS}$  = LOW)



## AC Electrical Characteristics:

Read Cycle ( $V_{CC}=5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $T_A=0 \sim 70^\circ C$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	GM76C28A-10		GM76C28A-12		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{RC}$	Read Cycle Time	*1	100		120		ns
$t_{AA}$	Address Access Time			100		120	ns
$t_{ACS}$	$\overline{CS}$ Access Time			100		120	ns
$t_{CLZ}$	$\overline{CS}$ Output Setup Time	*2	10		10		ns
$t_{OE}$	$\overline{OE}$ Access Time	*1		55		60	ns
$t_{OLZ}$	$\overline{OE}$ Output Setup Time	*2	5		10		ns
$t_{CHZ}$	$\overline{CS}$ Output Floating		0	40	0	40	ns
$t_{OHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$ Output Floating		0	40	0	40	ns
$t_{OH}$	Output Hold Time	*1	10		10		ns

Write Cycle: ( $V_{CC}=5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $T_A=0 \sim 70^\circ C$ )

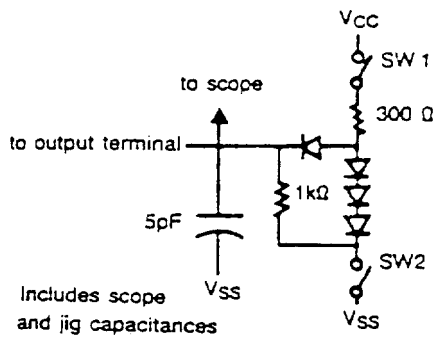
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	GM76C28A-10		GM76C28A-12		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{WC}$	Write Cycle Time	1	100	—	120	—	ns
$t_{CW}$	Chip Select Time ( $\overline{CS}$ )		80	—	85	—	ns
$t_{AW}$	Address Enable Time		80	—	85	—	ns
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time		0	—	0	—	ns
$t_{WP}$	Write Pulse Width		65	—	70	—	ns
$t_{OHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$ Output Floating	*2	0	40	0	40	ns
$t_{WHZ}$	R/W Output Floating	*3	0	45	0	50	ns
$t_{DW}$	Input Data Setup Time	*1	45	—	50	—	ns
$t_{WR}$	Address Hold Time		0	—	0	—	ns
$t_{DH}$	Input Data Hold Time		0	—	0	—	ns
$t_{OW}$	R/W Output Setup Time	*3	5	—	10	—	ns

\*1 Test conditions.

1. Input pulse level: 0.8V to 2.2V
2.  $t_r = t_f = 10\text{ns}$
3. Input/output timing reference level: 1.5V
4. Output load: 1 TTL +  $C_L = 100\text{pF}$

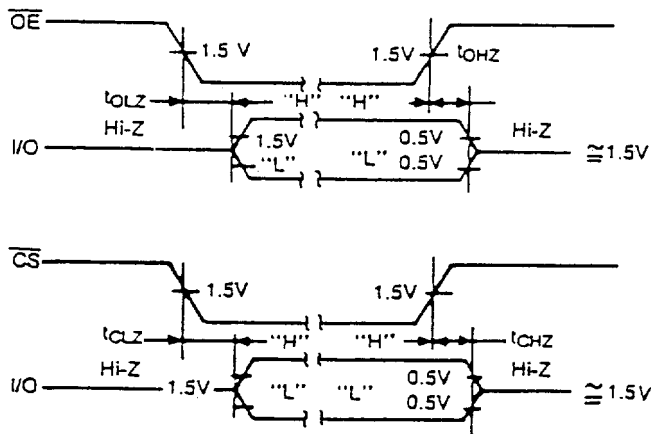
\*2 Test conditions.

1. Input pulse level: 0.8V to 2.2V
2.  $t_r = t_f = 10\text{ns}$
3. Test circuit



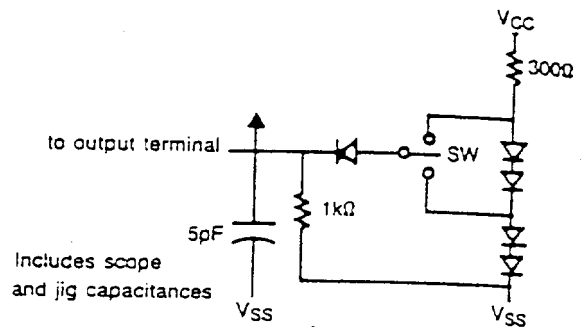
- Both SW1 and SW2 are closed when measuring  $t_{CHZ}$  or  $t_{OHZ}$ .
- SW1 is open and SW2 is closed when measuring Hi-Z-high of  $t_{CLZ}$  or  $t_{OLZ}$
- SW1 is closed and SW2 is open when measuring Hi-Z-low  $t_{CLZ}$  or  $t_{OLZ}$

Output turn-on turn-off time



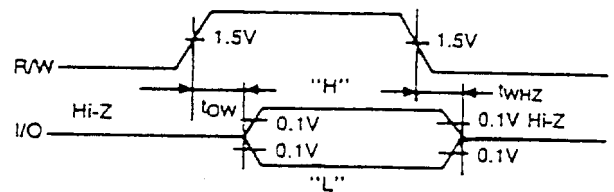
\*3 Test conditions.

1. Input pulse level: 0.8V to 2.2V
2.  $t_r = t_f = 10\text{ns}$
3. Test circuit

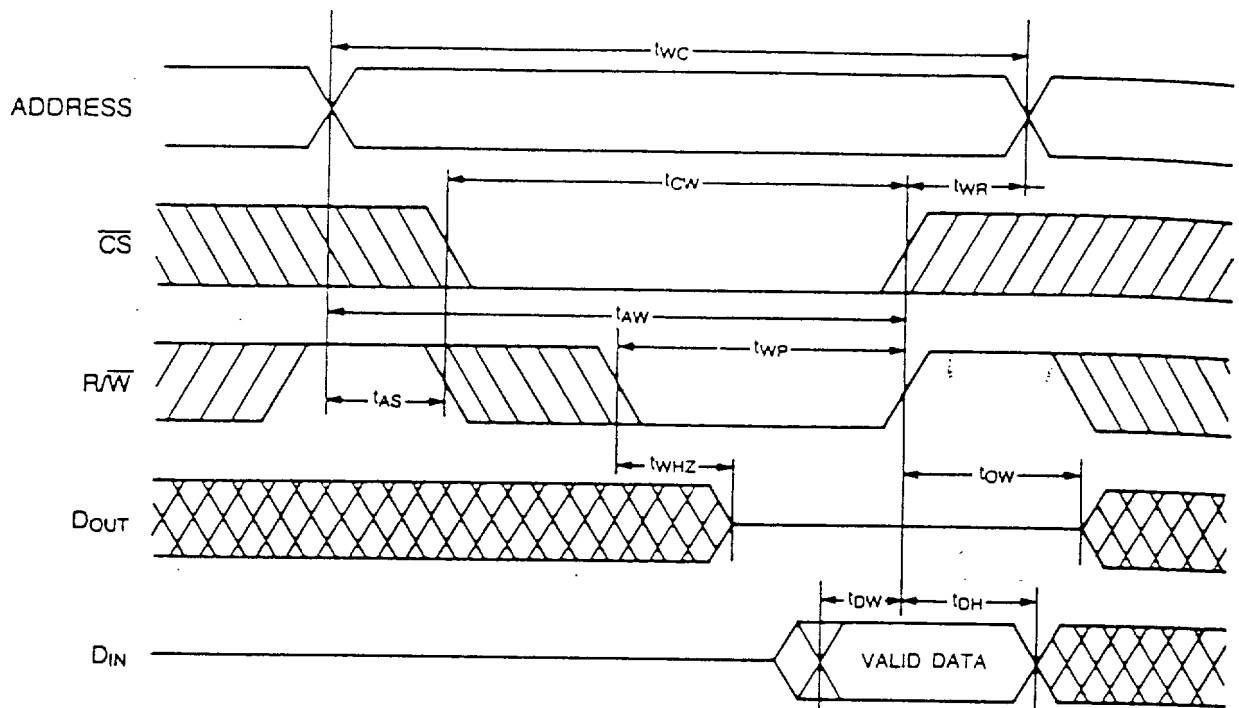


- SW is set to the  $V_{CC}$  side when measuring Hi-Z-high and high-Hi-Z of  $t_{ow}$  or  $t_{whz}$
- SW is set to the  $V_{SS}$  side when measuring Hi-Z-low and low-Hi-Z of  $t_{ow}$  or  $t_{whz}$

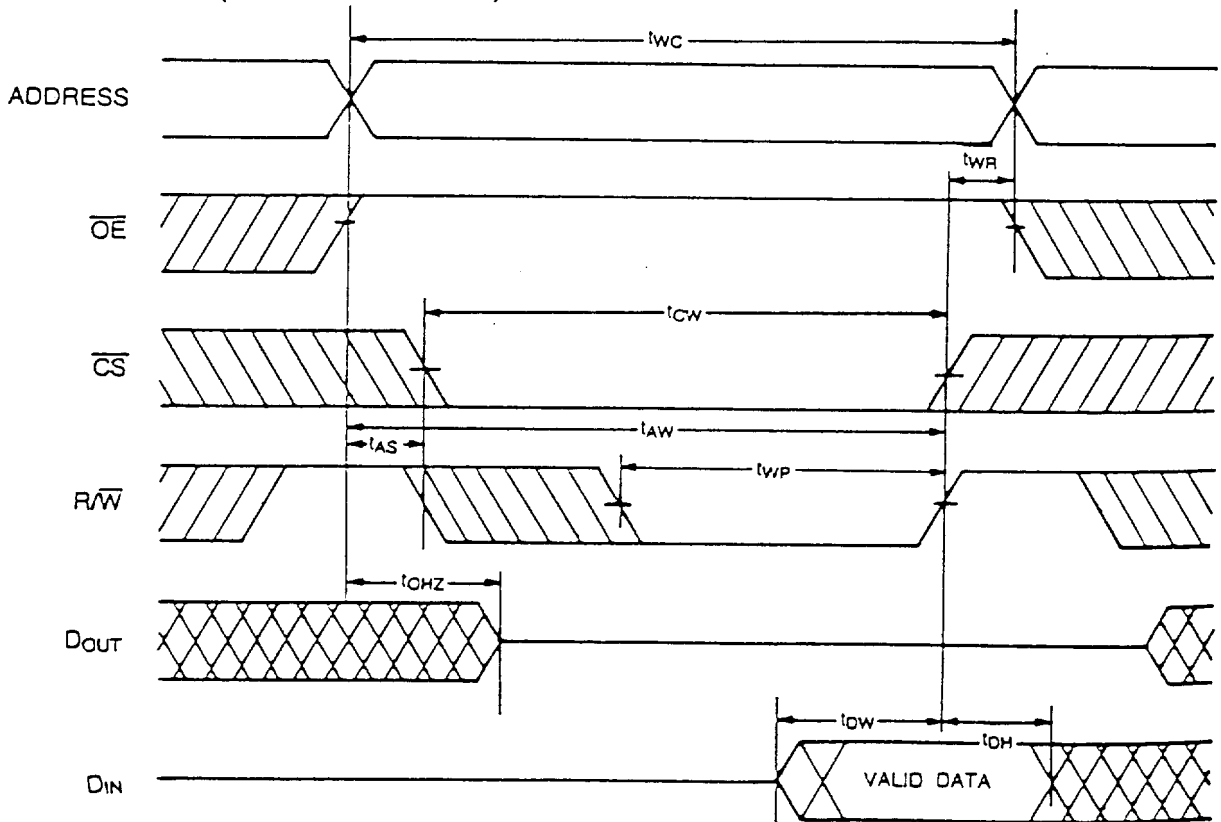
Output turn-on turn-off time



WRITE CYCLE 1 ( $R/\overline{W}$  CONTROL,  $\overline{OE} = \text{LOW}$ )



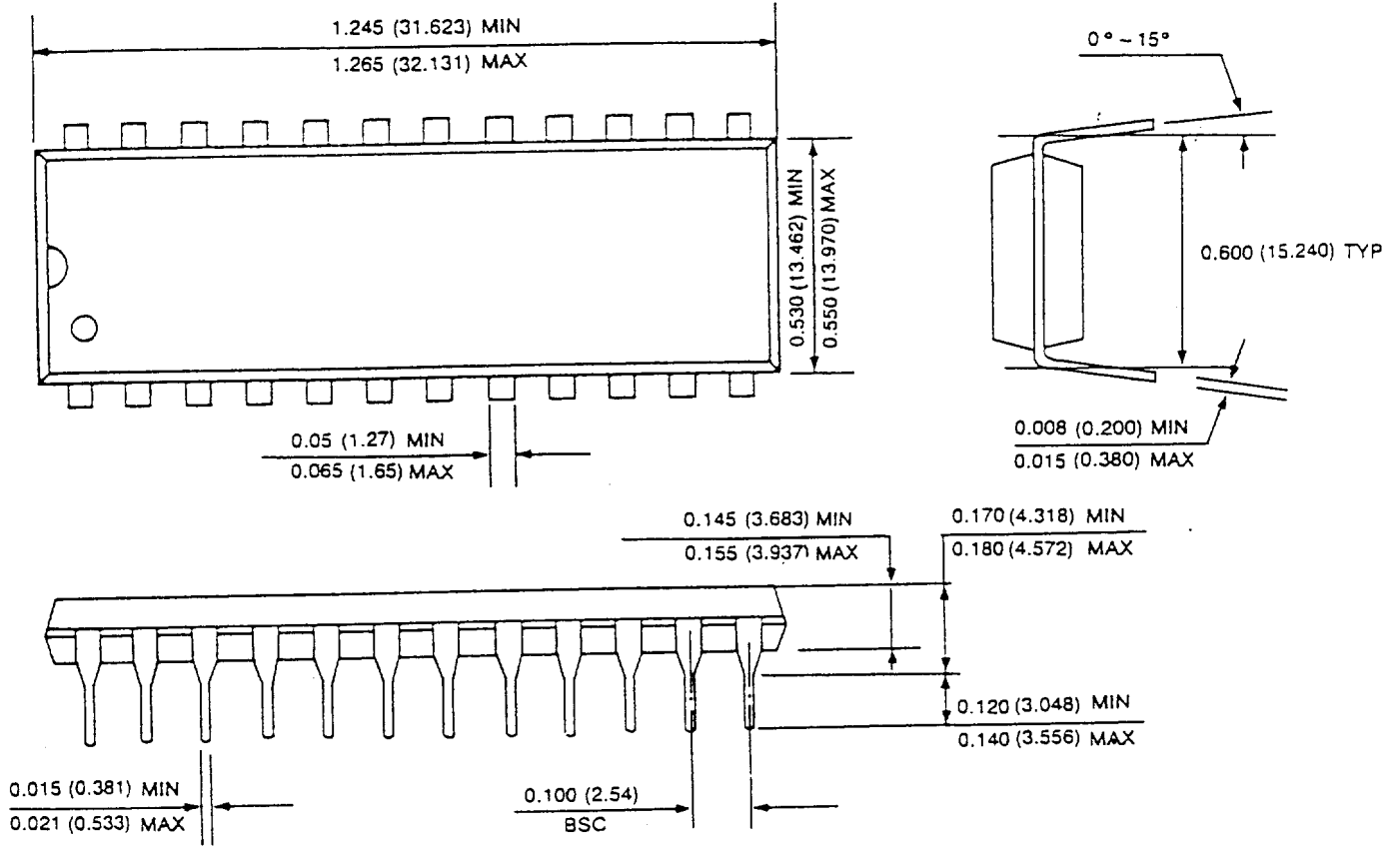
WRITE CYCLE 2 ( $R/\overline{W}$  CONTROL)



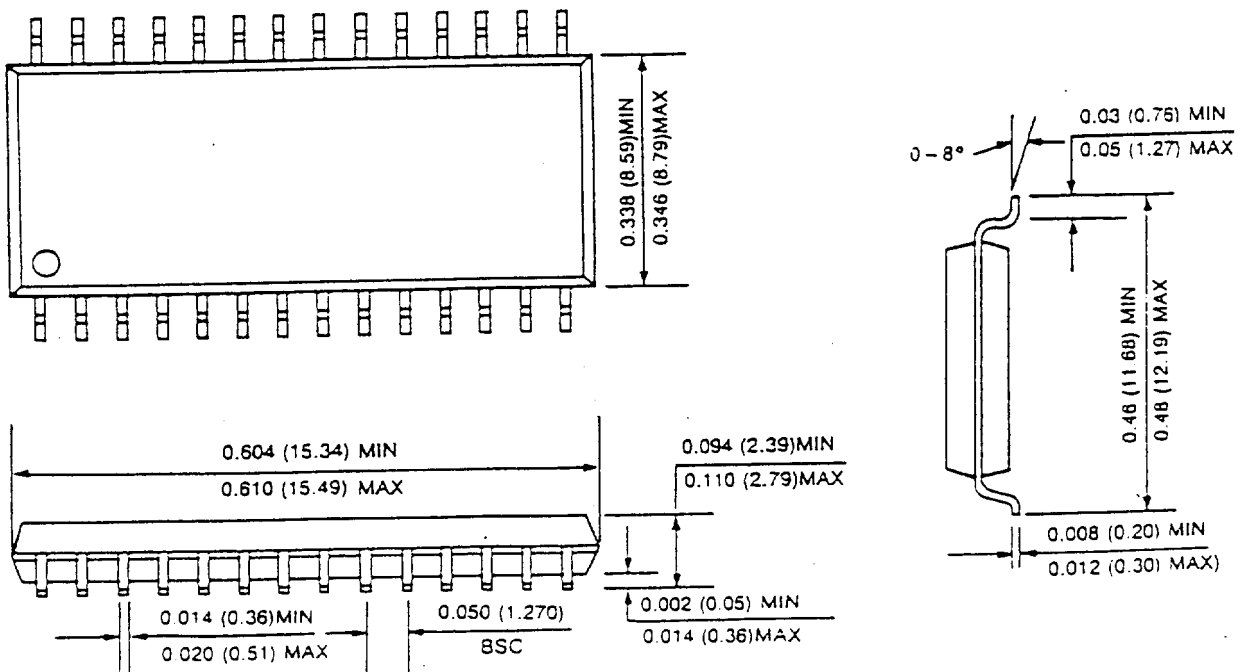
## Package Dimensions

Unit: inches (mm)

### 24 DIP



### 24 SOP







Capacitance ( $f = 1\text{MHz}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

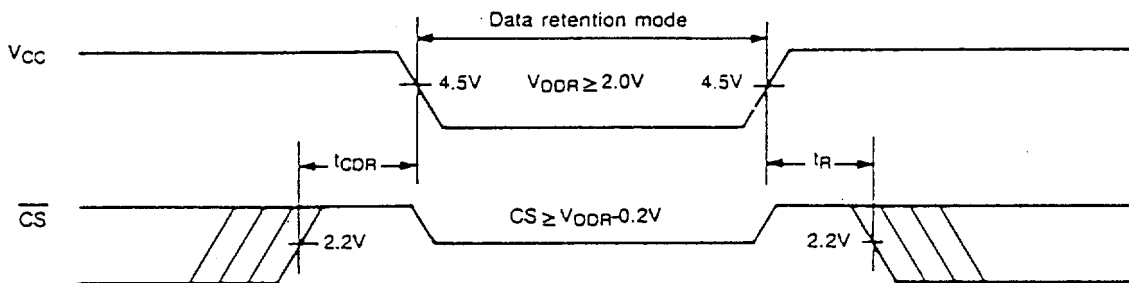
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$C_I$	Input Capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$		4	6	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O Capacitance	$V_{I/O} = 0\text{V}$		6	8	pF

Data Retention Characteristics ( $T_A = 0 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CCR}$	Data Retention Supply Voltage	$\overline{CS} \geq V_{CCR} - 0.2\text{V}$	2.0	—	5.5	V
$I_{CCR}$	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$ , $\overline{CS} \geq 2.8\text{V}$	—	—	25	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_{CDR}$	Chip Select Data Hold Time	Refer to the figure below	0	—	—	ns
$t_R$	Operation Recovery Time		$t_{RC}^*$	—	—	ns

\* $t_{RC}$ : read cycle time

Data retention timing



Note: When retaining data in standby mode, supply voltage can be lowered within a certain range. Read or write cycle cannot be performed while the supply voltage is low.

WRITE CYCLE 3 ( $\overline{CS}$  CONTROL,  $\overline{OE} = \text{LOW}$ )

