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DESCRIPTION

A homogeneous film of metal alloy is deposited on a high grade ceramic body. After a helical groove has been cut in the resistive layer, tinned connecting wires of electrolytic copper or copper-clad iron are welded to the end-caps. The resistors are coated with a red, inflammable protective silicon lacquer which can withstand 500 V (RMS). This coating is not resistant to aggressive fluxes. The encapsulation is resistant to all cleaning solvents in accordance with "MIL-STD-202E" method 215, and "IEC 68-2-45".

MECHANICAL DATA

Mass

40 g (per 100 units).

Mounting

The resistors must be mounted stress free so as to allow thermal expansion over the wide permissible temperature range.

The minimum pitch for this type with cropped and formed leads is 7e.

Marking

The resistor is marked with the nominal resistance value and the tolerance on the resistance.

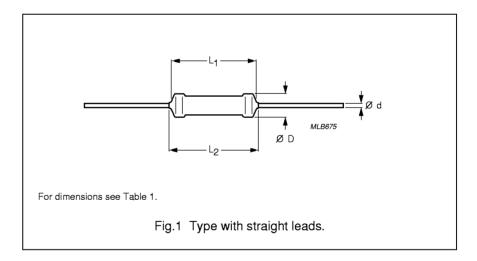
For values up to 910 Ω the R is used as the decimal point.

For values of 1 $k\Omega$ and upwards, the letter K is used as the decimal point for the $k\Omega$ indication.

For the value of 1 $M\Omega$ the letter M is used as the decimal point for the $M\Omega$ indication.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

DESCRIPTION	VALUE		
Resistance range	1 Ω to 1 M Ω ; E24 series		
Resistance tolerance	±5%		
Maximum body temperature (hot-spot)	300 °C		
Absolute maximum dissipation at $T_{amb} = 70 ^{\circ}\text{C (P}_{70}\text{)}$; see Fig.3:			
R ≤ 27 kΩ	1.6 W		
$R > 27 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.2 W		
Maximum permissible voltage	500 V		
Basic specifications	IEC 115-4 and MIL-R-11804/2, char. G		
Climatic category (IEC 68)	55/200/56		
Stability after:			
load, 1 000 hours	Δ R/R max.: ±5% +0.1 Ω		
climatic tests	Δ R/R max.: ±3% +0.1 Ω		
soldering	Δ R/R max.: ±1% +0.05 Ω		



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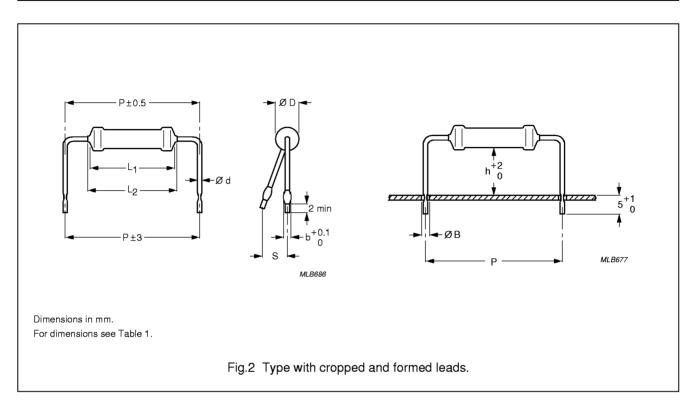


 Table 1
 Lead type and physical dimensions; see Figs 1 and 2

LEADS	ØD MAX. (mm)	L ₁ MAX. (mm)	L ₂ MAX. (mm)	Ød (mm)	b (mm)	h (mm)	P (mm)	S MAX. (mm)	ØB MAX. (mm)
Copper-clad iron	3.9	10	12	0.6	1.1	8	17.8	2	1.0
Copper-ciad iron	0.5	10	12	0.0	1.1	15	17.8	3	1.0
Copper	3.9	10	12	0.8	1.3	8	17.8	2	1.2
Соррег	3.9	12	0.8	1.3	15	17.0	3	1.2	

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ELECTRICAL DATA

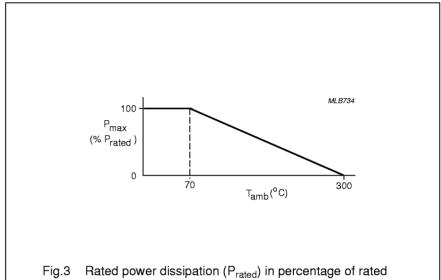
Standard values of rated resistance and tolerance

Standard values of rated (nominal) resistance are taken from the E24 series within the range 1 Ω to 1 M Ω . The values of the E24 series are in accordance with "IEC publication 63".

The tolerance on the rated resistance is ±5%.

The limiting voltage (RMS) is 500 V. This is the maximum voltage that may be applied continuously to the resistor element, see "IEC publications 115-1 and 115-4".

The maximum permissible hot-spot temperature is 300 °C.



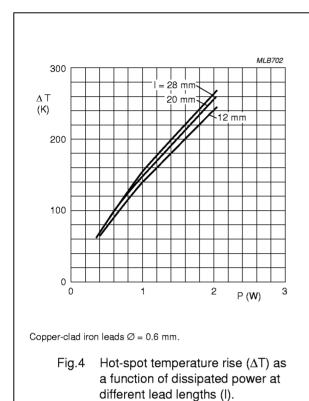
power as a function of the ambient temperature (T_{amb}).

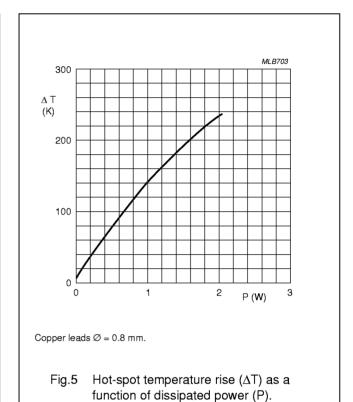
Table 2 Electrical data

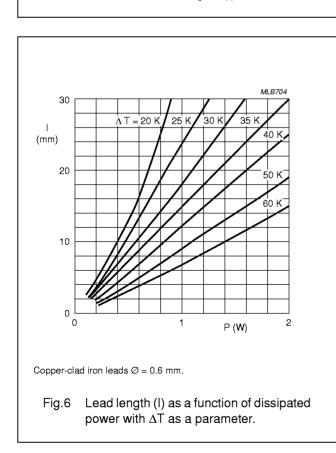
DESCRIPTION	VALUE
Temperature coefficient	R < 10 Ω: $\leq \pm 350 \times 10^{-6}$ /K
	R ≥ 10 Ω: $\leq \pm 250 \times 10^{-6}$ /K
Maximum body temperature (hot-spot)	300 °C
Absolute maximum dissipation at T _{amb} = 70 °C:	
R ≤ 27 kΩ	1.6 W
$R > 27 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.2 W
Limiting voltage	500 V
Dielectric withstanding minimum RMS voltage of the insulation for 1 min	500 V
Basic specifications	IEC 115-4 and MIL-R-11804/2, char. G
Climatic category (IEC 68)	55/200/56
Temperature rise (ΔT) of the resistor body as a function of dissipation	see Figs 4 and 5
Lead length (I) as a function of dissipation with temperature rise at end of lead (soldering point) as parameter	see Figs 6 and 7

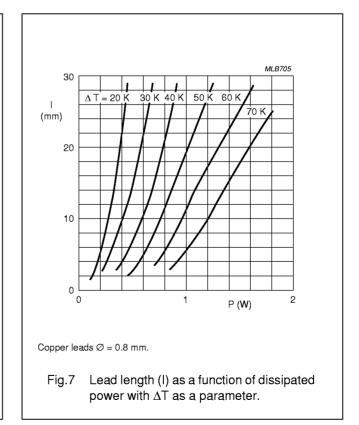
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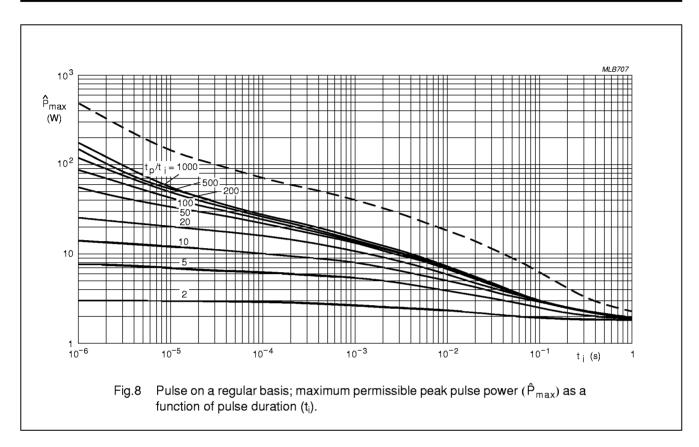


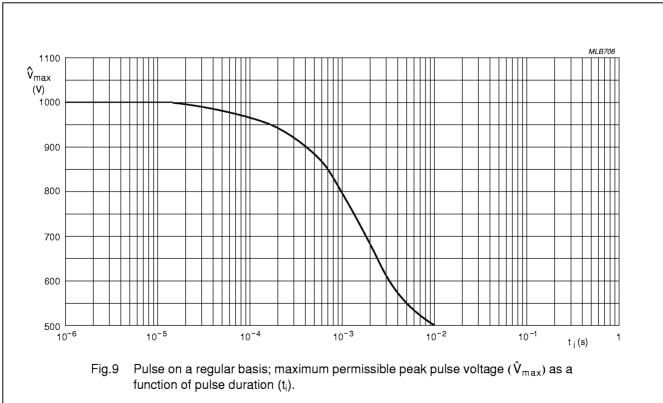






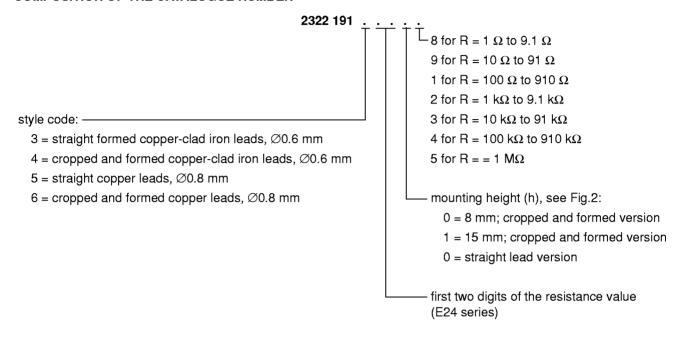
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COMPOSITION OF THE CATALOGUE NUMBER



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TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

Essentially all tests are carried out in accordance with the schedule of "*IEC publication 115-1*", category 55/200/56 (rated temperature range –55 °C to +200 °C; damp heat, long term, 56 days). The testing also covers the requirements specified by EIA and EIAJ.

The tests are carried out in accordance with IEC publication 68, "Recommended basic climatic and mechanical robustness testing procedure for electronic components" and under standard atmospheric conditions according to "IEC 68-1", subclause 5.3.

Unless otherwise specified the following values apply:

Temperature: 15 °C to 35 °C Relative humidity: 45% to 75% Air pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa (860 mbar to 1060 mbar).

In Table 3 the tests and requirements are listed with reference to the relevant clauses of "IEC publications 115-1 and 68", a short description of the test procedure is also given. In some instances deviations from the IEC recommendations were necessary for our method of specifying.

Table 3 Test procedures and requirements

IEC 115-1 CLAUSE	IEC 68 TEST METHOD	TEST	PROCEDURE	REQUIREMENTS
4.16	U	robustness of terminations:		
4.16.2	Ua	tensile all samples	load 10 N; 10 s	number of failures $<1 \times 10^{-6}$
4.16.3	Ub	bending half number of samples	load 5 N; 4 × 90°	number of failures $<1 \times 10^{-6}$
4.16.4	Uc	torsion other half of	$3 \times 360^{\circ}$ in opposite directions	no damage
		samples		Δ R/R max.: $\pm 0.5\% + 0.05 \Omega$
4.17	Та	solderability	2 s; 235 °C; flux 600	good tinning; no damage
4.18	Tb	resistance to soldering heat	thermal shock: 3 s; 350 °C; 6 mm from body	Δ R/R max.: $\pm 0.5\% + 0.05 \Omega$
4.19	Na	rapid change of	30 minutes at -55 °C and	no damage
		temperature	30 minutes at +155 °C; 5 cycles	Δ R/R max.: ±2% +0.1 Ω
4.20	Eb	bump	3×1500 bumps in three directions;	no damage
			40 g	Δ R/R max.: $\pm 0.5\%$ +0.05 Ω
4.22	Fc	vibration	frequency 10 to 500 Hz; displacement	no damage
			1.5 mm or acceleration 10 g; 3 directions; total 6 hours (3 × 2 hours)	Δ R/R max.: $\pm 0.5\%$ +0.05 Ω
4.23		climatic sequence:		
4.23.2	Ва	dry heat	16 hours; 155 °C	
4.23.3	Db	damp heat (accelerated) 1st cycle	24 hours; 55 °C; 95 to 100% RH	
4.23.4	Aa	cold	2 hours; –55 °C	
4.23.5	М	low air pressure	1 hour; 8.5 kPa; 15 to 35 °C	
4.23.6	Db	damp heat (accelerated) remaining cycles	5 days; 55 °C; 95 to 100% RH	R_{ins} min.: 1 000 $M\Omega$ $\Delta R/R$ max.: $\pm 3\%$ +0.1 Ω

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IEC 115-1 CLAUSE	IEC 68 TEST METHOD	TEST	PROCEDURE	REQUIREMENTS
4.24.2	Ca	damp heat	56 days; 40 °C; 90 to 95% RH;	R_{ins} min.: 1 000 M $Ω$
		(steady state)	dissipation 0.01 × P ₇₀	Δ R/R max.: ±3% +0.1 Ω
4.25.1		endurance	1000 hours; 70 °C; P ₇₀ or V _{max}	Δ R/R max.: ±5% +0.1 Ω
4.8.4.2		temperature	between -55 °C and +155 °C	R < 10 Ω: $\leq \pm 350 \times 10^{-6}$ /K
		coefficient		R \ge 10 Ω: $\le \pm 250 \times 10^{-6}$ /K
4.7		voltage proof on insulation	500 V (RMS) for 1 minute; V-block method	no breakdown
4.12		noise	IEC publication 195	
4.6.1.1		insulation resistance	500 V (DC) for 1 minute; V-block method	R_{ins} min.: 1 000 $MΩ$
see 2nd an to IEC 115- and preser central office 532 & 533	1, Jan. '87 nt 40	pulse load		see Figs 8 and 9

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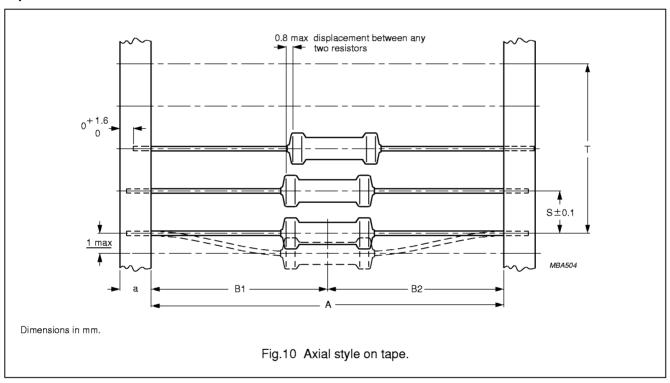
PACKAGING

The resistors may be supplied on bandolier in ammopack. Those with bent leads are supplied loose in a box. For details refer to this handbook, section "General Introduction leaded resistors".

Dimensions of the packaging

STYLE	PACKAGING	MOUNTING HEIGHT	QUANTITY PER BOX		
SITLE	PACKAGING	(mm)	ON BANDOLIER	BULK	
Straight leads	ammopack	_	1 000	_	
Cronned and formed leads	loogo in hoy	8	_	1 000	
Cropped and formed leads	loose in box	15	_	500	

Tape and reel data



Dimensions of bandolier

a	A	B ₁ – B ₂	S	T
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(deviation of spacing)
6 ±0.5	73 ±1.5	±1.2	5	max. 1 mm per 10 spacings max. 0.5 mm per 5 spacings

Dimensions of box

STYLE	QUANTITY	M (mm)	N (mm)	P (mm)
Ammopack	1 000	97	59	262
Loose in box	500 or 1000	105	70	205